

THIS WEEK

Lotto Draw 37/76
Minimum first prize fund
IL1,000,000

Including carryover
all other prizes increased
TODAY is the last day
for handing in Lotto entries
Subject to reciprocity.

THE WEATHER

Yesterday's Forecast	Yesterday's Actual	Today's Forecast
Jerusalem	17-27	17-27
Golan	15-25	15-25
Nahariya	15-25	15-25
Safed	15-25	15-25
Haifa Port	15-25	15-25
Tiberias	15-25	15-25
Nazareth	15-25	15-25
Be'er Sheva	15-25	15-25
Dimona	15-25	15-25
Tel Aviv	15-25	15-25
B-G Airport	15-25	15-25
Jericho	15-25	15-25
Beersheba	15-25	15-25
Elit	15-25	15-25
Tiran	15-25	15-25

Social and Personal

Professor Alice Shalvi will speak on Wednesday to Jerusalem's Albert Einstein Lodge of B'nai B'rith on "Social Awakening in a Deprived Neighbourhood" — a Katanon Community Project. Time is 8.30 p.m.; place, B'nai B'rith House, at the corner of Keren Hayesod and Agmon. The public is invited.

Advocate Salim Jubran will address the weekly meeting of the Jerusalem-West Rotary Club on the subject of "The Legal Status of Israeli Arabs" tonight at 8 p.m. at the King David Hotel.

BIRTH
WEINSTEIN. To Kline and Steve Weinstein, a son, at Hadassah Hospital, Jerusalem, September 12, 1976.

ARRIVALS

State Comptroller Dr. I.E. Nebenzahl, from Edmonton, Canada, where he spoke at the first International Comptrollers Conference.

Prof. William Elton, president of the central board of the World ORT Union, to participate in the dedication of the ORT School of Engineering in Jerusalem.

Ha'aretz strike over

Jerusalem Post Staff
"Ha'aretz" will resume publication today after a short strike which prevented its appearance yesterday.

The printers' works committee had called a strike after management suspended two workers caught playing backgammon during working hours. The newspaper's general manager, Amos Schocken, said yesterday most workers opposed the strike and rescinded the committee's decision at subsequent general meetings.

(The printers returned to work in time to put out Moshe Dayan's afternoon paper, "Hayom Hazeh.")

Jan Kadar to judge 'Jewish Oscars' meet

Jerusalem Post Reporter
Jan Kadar, the Czech film director ("The Shop on Main Street"), and Sam Wasmaker, the American actor and director ("The Spy Who Came in from the Cold"), will be members of the jury for the World Jewish Film and TV Festival to open in Jerusalem in October.

The jury will view some 50 entries from 15 countries at the first "Jewish Oscars" festival. Delegates from 30 countries will watch the film contest, take part in a symposium on Jewish films and view an exhibition of modern audio-visual equipment.

RABIN TO OPEN AGRITECH 76

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Agriculture Minister Abaron Uzan will open an international exhibition of agricultural machinery and technology — Agritech 76 — at 9 a.m. at Mikve Yisrael today.

The exhibition, one of the largest of its type in the world, will include more than 300 buyers and exhibitors from abroad, including 40 farmers from South Lebanon. The Lebanese farmers expressed interest in Agritech 76 after they received permission from government authorities to buy tractors in Israel.

In deep sorrow, we announce the death of our dear mother, grandmother

MIRIAM LEA RIEBENFELD (née Trisker)

Widow of Reb Chaim Riebenfeld ז"ל

The funeral took place on Sunday, Sept. 12, 1976

Shiva at 3 Rehov Kaplansky, Givatayim.

Son, Abraham-Alfred Riebenfeld,

Doris and Daniela (Milan)

Daughter, Ruth Frucht,

Zvi and Varda

Daughter, Esther Spiegel,

Baruch, Nurit and Chaim

Grandchildren,

David and Chaim Peled

With deep sorrow we announce the death of our beloved

JOSEF (JUPP) WEISZ ז"ל

at the age of 83

The funeral will leave from Sanhedria Funeral Parlour to Har Hamenuhot, Givat Shaul, today, September 13, 1976 at 3.00 p.m.

LENI WEISZ-KAUFMANN — Jerusalem

JOKE AND SHALOM WEISS and children — Jerusalem

CHAJA AND AHARON ZACHOR and children — Beersheba

RINI AND SHIMON SHALOM and children — Sayon

הקדמת לאל

'Amit statement harms Israel'

Dayan denies lack of interest in 'Cairo 4'

Jerusalem Post Staff
Former Defence Minister Moshe Dayan, reacting to charges that he had not pushed for the release of four Egyptian-held Israeli agents in return for 5,000 Egyptian Six Day War prisoners, said yesterday that he could not remember anyone in the defence establishment who had not been interested in freeing the four.

He charged, in turn, that former security services chief Meir Amit, in raising the issue, was harming Israel by making it appear that this country would use war prisoners as counters — something the Arab countries have done, and which would violate the Geneva convention.

The agents involved — the "Cairo Four" — were killed by the Egyptians after the "security mission" of 1964, and were finally released after the Six Day War. Dayan, in a statement printed yesterday in his newspaper "Hayom Hazeh" and in talks with reporters, said that, all during their time in jail, the responsibility for releasing them had been exclusively that of the prime ministers in office.

(The agents have said they felt they were deliberately abandoned because of the political storm that developed in Israel about their mission.)

After the Six Day War the Egyptians at first refused to accept release of the four as a condition for release of their 5,000 captive soldiers, Dayan recalled. Various proposals were raised in the Cabinet, he continued, adding "Whether I was, as far as I can remember, anyone else objected to standing by release of the (four) as a condition for returning the prisoners of war."

"I was very happy when Amit's optimistic prediction (that the Egyptians would give in) finally worked out," Dayan said. Material considerations, he added, had played no part in the deliberations. (Amit, who raised the issue in a TV interview last week, has charged that Dayan was eager to get rid of the 5,000 Egyptians rather than bear

the cost of feeding and clothing them.)

Dayan was sharply critical of the publicity given the matter. Stressing that Israel's official position must always be one of strict adherence to the Geneva convention on prisoners of war, he said: "Any deviation that says it is possible to make prisoner-of-war exchanges conditional on the release of persons convicted of offences is likely to do us harm."

Dayan left Israel yesterday for London, in connection with the publication there on Thursday of his autobiography. He is later to visit the U.S. on a lecture tour.

CABINET CRITICISM

In the Cabinet yesterday, Health Minister Victor Shemtov scored Amit for his TV interview.

Shemtov said it was preposterous that former officials in such high and sensitive posts as Amit should make public information of a top-secret nature which came to them in the course of their official duties.

Justice Minister Haim Zadok noted that former civil servants in general are not allowed to speak on affairs of state which they handled during their work for a five-year "cooling-off period." But in matters of foreign affairs and security, Zadok said, the ban on discussing state affairs is permanent.

He said that, whereas a committee of ministers exists to veto books by former ministers and senior civil servants, the Cabinet has no machinery to scrutinize statements, speeches and interviews, other than the Military Censor.

Shemtov then asked Defence Minister Shimon Peres whether the Amit interview had been passed by the Censor. Peres said he did not know, but could soon check. His aide went out to telephone Amit and came back with a message 15 minutes later that the Amit interview had been passed by the censor and contained nothing which had not previously been published.

'Egypt hasn't yet recovered Yom Kippur War losses'

By HAIM SHAHAM
Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA. — Assuming the split between the Soviet Union and Egypt is a real one, it will take years before the latter can go over to Western armament, Ahi Herz Shafir, OC Southern Command, said last night.

He added that while Syria and Jordan have strengthened their military might, Egypt has not yet been able to recover what it lost in the Yom Kippur War. Ahi Shafir was speaking to a group of volunteers of the Soldiers Welfare Association here.

The violations of the interim agreement by Egypt, Ahi Shafir said, were of a very serious nature. The violation of the number of regiments allowed dated back to May 1974. But a newer, also very serious violation, was that of the

limitation of fortifications. The eastern strategy which the Egyptians employ utilizes such fortifications as a starting point for an offensive.

The military strengthening of Syria and Jordan, he said, has led Israel to believe that the past had taken calculated risks, the Jordanian front — to refrain from doing so.

The Syrian-Jordanian rapprochement may seem a surprise, he said, but really is not. It remains to be seen, however, whether the unification of ranks in the two countries' armies indicates a real merger or is merely a symbol for show.

As to Lebanon — Israel's interests must be to see that country remain unified. It is reasonable to assume that this is also the interest of both the U.S. and the USSR, Shafir said.

Policeman jailed for stealing

HAIFA. — A policeman who was convicted of stealing IL7,000 while executing court orders for the collection of debts was sentenced to a year's imprisonment in the District Court here yesterday.

Najim Zidan, 56, from the village of Dillin pleaded guilty to the charge that, while collecting official debts in 1974, he omitted giving receipts to the debtors and pocketed the money he received from them.

The judges said in their verdict that the charge is very severe as a policeman should uphold the standards he is supposed to enforce, but considering the defendant's exemplary service in the police since 1949, they sentenced him to only one year in prison with another six months suspended sentence. (Itm)

Prescriptions to cost IL1 in Kupat Holim

SHEFAYIM. — The Histadrut Council yesterday ratified the decision of its Kupat Holim to collect a IL1 fee for every prescription it fills for its members.

The Histadrut Council assembled here for a final decision on the medicine fee. The council also decided on the fee for the new test that includes Kupat Holim membership. The new tax will stand at 4.15 per cent of any salary between IL600 and IL3,000.

It also decided that the new fee for medicines will not apply to members with chronic illness who are in constant need of medication or to persons of very low income.

The Secretary-General of the Histadrut, Yerubam Meshel, told the members of the council who were opposed to the fee that the new provision is on trial for a year after which it will be reviewed by the council again.

The medical director of Kupat Holim, Prof. Haim Doron, said the new fee will help Kupat Holim overcome some of its financial difficulties. He also gave a medical opinion that members of the sick fund use far more medicines than is healthy. (Itm)

Army destroys Arab structure outside Hebron

HEBRON. — Army bulldozers yesterday destroyed the foundations for a mosque just up northeast of Hebron by local Arabs Saturday night.

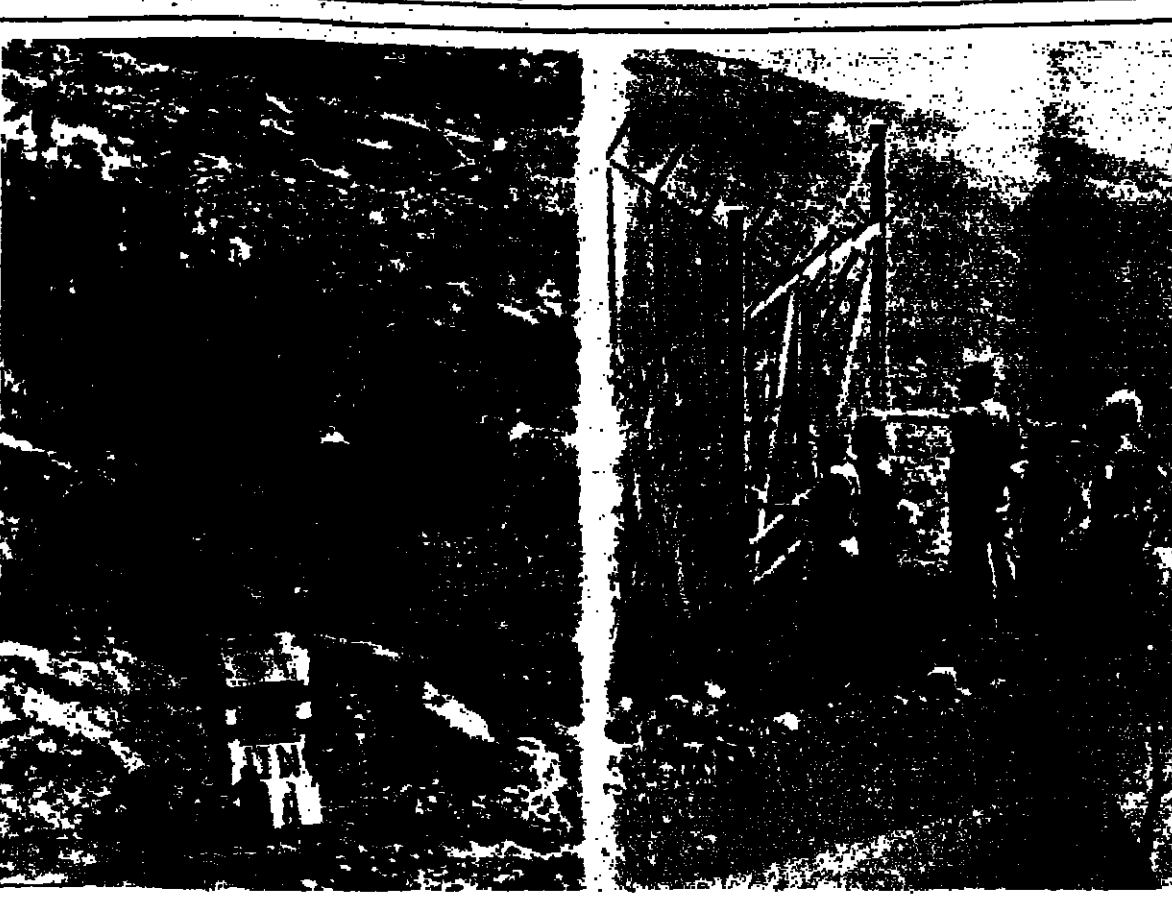
Residents said they had planned to build the mosque in response to attempts by Jewish residents to build houses nearby on Givat Harshana.

Army sources said neither the Jewish nor the Arab construction efforts were licensed. Both were denounced as provocations which endangered public security.

(According to Gush Etzionim, the military government is treating Arab building violations with kid gloves while strictly enforcing the regulations for the residents of Kiryat Arba.)

Slogans appeared on walls throughout Hebron yesterday calling for a school strike on Thursday. Others called for increased Arab construction around the Jewish Kiryat Arba to prevent its expansion.

A CRANE for fire rescue operations which can stretch 30 metres, and a foam-dispensing truck for petrol fires, were purchased by the Haifa region fire-fighting force.



GETTING READY — Israelis (right) point to the opening in a border fence on the Golan which (if all goes well) is due to become a "good-fence" point with Syria on Wednesday. Meanwhile, (left) Syrians on their side work behind a UN post to build an approach road to the spot. The new "good fence" will permit family meetings between Druse separated by the border.

'Economic moves showing results already'

No supplementary budget, Rabinowitz tells the Cabinet

By AARON SETNER
Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Treasury does not intend to table a supplementary budget this year. The Government's economic moves are already showing good results in the effort to reduce the balance-of-payments deficit, Finance Minister Yehoshua Rabinowitz told the Cabinet. Now everything possible must be done to maintain this progress.

At the same time, no efforts must be spared in the search for a solution to the nation's second most serious problem — inflation. In an obvious reference to a possible labour — Government — management "package deal," Rabinowitz said: "Every sector in the economy must be prepared to give a little in order to break this vicious inflationary cycle."

The Cabinet spent four hours yesterday on the second stage of its analysis of the economic situation. About half the ministers took part in the discussion, which will be summed up at a future meeting.

In his contribution, Premier Yitzhak Rabin emphasized the danger which loomed ahead, if further economic curbs were not applied.

Transport Minister Gad Ya'acobi was against withholding the cost-of-living increment, but he favoured slashing the subsidy programme.

He proposed a tripartite agreement between the Government, Histadrut and private industry. According to this pact, a long-term subsidy arrangement would be worked out, the "creeping" devaluations would continue, and manufacturers would undertake not to raise prices except as required by the reduction in subsidy payments and price increases on imported goods and raw materials.

He also appealed for a "cease-fire" in labour-management relations and a new look at the automatic cost-of-living increment system in view of price hikes which must come about as a result of the devaluations.

Minister without Portfolio Gideon Hausner expressed alarm at the rapid growth in the national debt. Next year, he said, the Treasury will have to pay out thousands of millions of pounds to pay off debentures and other local obligations.

"Though the present budget called for a cut of 1,500 workers in the civil service, this has not come about. Millions have been spent on vocational retraining, yet we see no real signs of increased labour mobility," Hausner said, recalling that more than a year has passed since

'Arms flow slower'

(Continued from page one)

1975 and January 1976. The embargo lasted until April, May and June 1976. And the Americans are now slowing down shipments of arms to Israel.

Together with \$6b. in Soviet arms and \$3b. in French and British weapons, the Arabs had received \$20b. worth of arms since the Yom Kippur War, as compared with Israel's \$5.5b.

Sharon said he favoured a "good relationship with the U.S." but there were some issues on which Israel must not yield.

Again because of dependence on the slowdown in the migration of Jews from Russia, down from 3,000 a month at one time to 1,000 now.

He said Israel had failed to persuade the U.S. that Israel was an important partner in the defence of the Western world.

Turning to the domestic scene, Sharon said the already large number of emigrants from Israel might become "far larger." He declared, "They will fight for Israel, but they don't like living there."

He attributed this not to the economic or security situation but to the "moral and social" crisis in Israel and to the absence of clear national goals.

He said physical labour had been abandoned as a national value. The same Israelis who worked hard in New York had not done so at home because physical work had "become devalued" in Israel.

He urged American Jews to stop giving money without strings to Israel. "If I were you I would not give a dollar to the UJA or Bonds. Instead, he suggested, they should come with a billion or a billion and a half dollars, set up a town or other large enterprise 'according to American standards of living and behaviour.'"

Pan-Lon's Evron convicted under 1968 Securities Law

TEL AVIV. — Businessman Ephraim Evron, former manager of the Pan-Lon Corporation, was convicted in District Court here yesterday of selling shares in the company without issuing a prospectus or obtaining approval from the Treasury.

The charges were brought against Evron in February 1973. Subsequently, Evron was arrested, remanded, released and rearrested several times on these and other charges, including customs violations and fraud.

The court yesterday acquitted him of fraud charges in connection with the same stock issue. The shareholders, the court said, had indeed been defrauded — but it was not proved that Evron was responsible. Judge Hadassah Ben-Itto recommended that attorney Aminadav Konovaly-Shachor, legal counsel for Pan-Lon, be investigated for his share in the affair. The attorney testified on Evron's behalf, confirming the latter's claim that he had acted on his lawyer's advice and had not intended to defraud the shareholders.

This was the first case to be tried under the Securities Law passed in 1968, to protect investors as is done in Europe and the U.S. No date was set for sentencing. (Itm)

Police find keys on robbery suspect

TEL AVIV. — The police announced that the safe in an Israeli bank was opened after two keys were found in the possession of Yosef Golan, a suspect in a bank robbery.

The police representative court, since then, to comment on the fact that the police must go forward with the case if the keys are found to belong to the suspect.

The police representative said that coins were found in the house of the suspect. If the part of the Ramat Gan bank robbery will stand, it was revealed that arrests are to be expected.

Contractor in wife's

Jerusalem Post Staff

RELAT. — Asher Golan, 34-year-old contractor, on suspicion of killing a 32-year-old Levana Golan, was found in a burnt Goldstein family car.

The charred remains of the car were found on a highway early in the morning by an army patrol.

Goldstein was arrested as soon as the car's established. Neighbouring heard the couple Thursday night and a common occurrence hold. There are three children.

A special investigation headed by Moshe Miron, the Neguvot Minister, is on the case. Two other suspected of complicity.

Police receive permission interview

By SHOSHANA BEN

TEL AVIV. — Naftali Herz Albi, head of the German authorities, to speak to Shimon Peres, the Israeli who is sent to sentence in Germany.

Peres said he was not interested in committing four men to jail in 1970.

Folowing sources here said that an answer to a letter from the German authorities, sent last week, was still being worked out.

The official decision is expected tomorrow at a meeting held by Attorney-General Bazak, head of police, and Deputy Minister, Yitzhak Nitzan.

Nitzan, who is a police spokesman, said that the decision would be made by the government.

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Don't miss our
"Rosh Hashana" Book Sale
up to **70% discount**
BROWN'S
ISRAEL'S QUALITY BOOKSHOPS
TEL AVIV: 35 Rehov Allenby
49 Nahlat Benjamin
(open from 8.30 a.m. till 7 p.m.)
JERUSALEM: 9 Shalomzion Humalim

Court bars sale of Maritime ships

HAIFA. — The Maritime Court here yesterday issued an order temporarily barring two major U.S. banks from selling five ships of the financially ailing Maritime Fruit Carriers Company.

The ships have been impounded in various ports by Bankers Trust International and Manufacturers and Traders Trust Co., both of New York, for alleged nonpayment of mortgage fees.

Attorney for the freight line, Shmuel Tamir, suggested the banks may have been motivated to seize the ships by "close ties" with Arab banking interests.

The court issued a 30-day injunction against selling the ships and also barred the banks from applying to the Minister of Transport for permits needed to sell ships registered in Israel. (Itim)

NO SHOW, NO GO...

TEL AVIV. — A batch of suspects arrested on Saturday night for various offences were released on ILI bail yesterday morning... because the police representative did not make it to court on time.

Judge Even-Ari, who was recently appointed remanding magistrate for Tel Aviv, released the police's entire Saturday night haul because, he said, police representatives have consistently failed to arrive on time. When a policeman finally did show up, the judge gave him leave to appeal to the District Court. (Itim)

FIRST PRIZE for military literature was awarded to Yoram Teatir, a war invalid who wrote a book, "The Wound" about his confinement in hospital. The prize, named after Palmach leader Yitzhak Sadeh, was awarded for the fifth time for outstanding military literature of the year.

Shipyard men want costly British workers dismissed

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The works committee at the Israel Shipyards here has called on the Government to dismiss the several dozen British workers brought in to overcome the labour shortage that has held up work on four container ships for Zim.

Committee chairman Yitzhak Gerner told The Jerusalem Post yesterday that the 30 British workers (with more to arrive) were being paid the equivalent of IL14,000 a month. These wages, he said, were causing unrest among the yards' Israeli workers.

The committee believes that the labour shortage can be solved within Israel and is about to present an efficiency plan designed to raise output considerably, "provided the workers get a fair reward for their efforts."

However, he did not deny that his men's demand to dismiss the

foreigners was "connected" with the demands they have put forward for their new work contract, demands which reportedly exceed the official Government/Histadrut wage guidelines.

A management source said the committee was more interested in the foreign-worker issue as a means of pushing its own wage demands, than as a matter of principle. The source said the foreign workers' pay was all-inclusive, covering board and living allowances and all social benefits including air fares.

"When we send one of our workers to Elit for a ship repair he costs us over IL15,000 a month," he said.

At the end of the month the yards are due to launch the second of the four container ships. The first, Sigal, is due to be delivered to Zim a month later — almost a year behind schedule. The ships cost \$14.5m each.

Cologne chief terminal for Hod's CAL flights

By ZEEV SCHUL

Jerusalem Post Aviation Correspondent

TEL AVIV. — Cargo Air Lines (CAL) will start operations on November 1 this year and is planning a 300-flight run to Europe up to the end of July 1977, company director Mordechai Hod told a press conference here yesterday. The principal European terminal will be the Cologne/Bonn airport, but negotiations are currently under way to permit runs to England and France as well.

The directors of the German airport promised an investment of 4.5 marks to streamline technical arrangements for two Boeing 747s expected to make at least one run per day to the West German airport. The airport management has already taken on 30 extra workers to cope with the jumbos.

Carrying goods out of Germany is restricted to no more than three different consignments. The European-bound flights are restricted to agricultural produce, including canned goods.

Hod revealed that the company had already secured agreements with automobile manufacturers in Germany, Sweden, and Holland that all cars manufactured in those countries would be airfreighted to Israel.

"I assume that this will go for all cars within convenient driving

range from their production plants to Cologne airport," Hod said.

Hod also said that he had already negotiated return cargoes to Israel for Koor, Hamaah, Hamarkazi and the purchasing agencies of the labour sector.

Hod mentioned that there had been a tacit understanding with El Al that "whoever won the Agrexco contract would also obtain the use of the Boeing 747" acquired (according to Hod) by the state at a cost of \$41m. CAL would also require a second Boeing jumbo later in the season. El Al had promised to obtain this and provide a crew for it.

CAL expects to airfreight at least 30,000 tons of agricultural produce. Another 70,000 tons currently shipped in refrigerated ships could become airfreight. Hod did not exclude the possibility that the annual total would exceed the original estimate by a substantial margin.

A COLLECTIVE AGREEMENT for press and bindery workers in the private sector was signed on Tuesday between the Printing Workers Union and the Manufacturers Association. The agreement provides for a six per cent salary increment for 1978 and 3 per cent for the coming year.



WIFE SAYS IT'S OK — Some of a group of 100 Habad hassidim keep in touch yesterday as they board a plane for Brooklyn to spend the High Holidays with their leader, the Lubavitcher Rebbe. The Rebbe had made their absence from the Holy Land conditional on their obtaining permission from their wives and from rabbis in Israel. (Freidin)

SPORTS

Connors, Borg to duel at Forest Hills

Chris Evert nets U.S. tennis crown

FOREST HILLS, New York. — America's Chris Evert swept past her only challenger, Australian Yvonne Goolagong, to capture her second women's singles crown at the U.S. Open Tennis Championships here on Saturday; while, in the men's division semi-finals, Jimmy Connors of the U.S. and Bjorn Borg of Sweden eliminated their opponents and were scheduled to duel each other last night for the \$30,000 top prize.

Yesterday, Marty Riessen and Tom Okker proved too experienced for young Australians Paul Kronk and Cliff Letcher, winning the men's doubles finals 6-4, 6-4. The two Americans share a \$10,000 prize. Evert picked up her \$30,000 prize by crushing Goolagong in 55 minutes, 6-3 and 6-0, and racking up her 10th consecutive clay-court win. Connors, in what may have been the best performance of his career, crushed Argentina's Guillermo Vilas 6-4, 6-2, 6-1. Borg knocked out a subdued Ilie Nastase of Romania 6-3, 6-3, 6-1.

If there was any surprise in the next-to-last matinee performance of

these 95-year-old championships, it was the submissiveness with which the normally high-strung and often explosive Nastase gave up without a struggle.

A week ago, he almost triggered a fan riot by cursing the umpire, brow-beating linesmen and carrying on a running verbal feud with spectators.

— Saturday he was a purring kitten — not a hackle rising on his neck as Borg chopped him to pieces with a two-flated backhand that seemed guided by some missile system and a topspin forehand that sometimes bounced two metres over Ilie's head. "Nastase, for some reason, always plays against me as if he has no heart," Borg said. "He doesn't do anything with the ball. He just pushes it back. I could do anything I wanted with it."

"I will have much more trouble with Connors. When you play Jimmy, you have to be fit. But I am fit," Borg added.

Connors said he saw "shades of (Ken) Rosewall" in his decisive triumph over Vilas, referring to his

one-sided victories over the great Australian in the Wimbledon and U.S. finals in 1974.

Vilas admitted that Connors was just too good. "When a man hits the ball at you at 200 miles an hour," he said, "you cannot hit it back at 400 miles an hour."

It was a poignant scene when Goolagong strode into the press tent — not a hackle rising on his neck — three wooden raquets.

It seemed to be the signal of an era. Once there were Billie Jean King, Margaret Court, Evert and Goolagong. Now there is only Evert. No one else is even close. Even Yvonne is ready to admit that.

"Chris now has won two Wimbledon and two U.S. (titles) and I have won only one Wimbledon — five years ago — and the Australian," she said. "But it is strange. I do not lose to anybody but Chris. Chris loses to others, but she manages to beat me. It is hard to explain."

(AP, Reuter)

Royals snap Twins' winning streak in U.S. baseball

NEW YORK. — Amos Otis capped a five-run ninth inning with a three-run homer to rally the Kansas City Royals to an 8-6 victory over the Minnesota Twins in a nationally televised game Saturday.

Kansas City's victory snapped the Twins' six-game winning streak and gave the hard-pressed Royals only their third victory in the last 13 games.

The Royals, front-runners in the American League West, held their five-game lead over Oakland. The A's defeated the Texas Rangers 1-0 Saturday night behind Mike Torrey's six-hitter.

In other American League day games, Ron Leflore had four hits and Ben Oglivie drove in three runs, two with his second homer in two days, powering Detroit over New York and snapping the Yankees' five-game winning streak. Frank Tanana fired a five-hitter and struck out seven, including 53-year-old Minnie Minoso, as California beat Chicago.

In the National League, the Pittsburgh Pirates beat the Montreal Expos 4-3 with the help of an unearned run in the fourth inning. John Summers smashed a three-run homer in the 12th inning to power Chicago over Philadelphia 4-1, and San Diego beat Houston 4-1 behind Randy Jones' 10-hitter in the first game of a doubleheader.

Baseball standings and results after Saturday's games:

AMERICAN LEAGUE			
East	W	L	PCT. GB
New York	66	63	.512 —
Baltimore	76	65	.539 11
Cleveland	72	69	.511 15
Boston	67	74	.476 20
Detroit	64	77	.450 24
Minnesota	63	78	.443 24 1/2
West	W	L	PCT. GB
Kansas City	81	60	.574 —
Oakland	66	63	.512 5
Minnesota	73	71	.507 9
California	65	77	.459 15 1/2
Texas	64	77	.450 17
Chicago	59	82	.413 22

Saturday's Games
Detroit 6, New York 5; California 7, Chicago 4; Kansas City 4, Minnesota 1; Baltimore 6-3 Milwaukee; Cleveland 6, Boston 0; Oakland 1, Texas 0.

NATIONAL LEAGUE			
East	W	L	PCT. GB
Philadelphia	65	55	.540 —
Pittsburgh	61	59	.507 4
New York	74	66	.529 11
Chicago	65	77	.458 21
St. Louis	61	77	.443 23
Montreal	48	90	.348 36
West	W	L	PCT. GB
Cincinnati	62	61	.504 —
Los Angeles	79	60	.568 11
Houston	71	74	.490 22
San Diego	67	75	.473 25
San Francisco	64	80	.444 29 1/2
Atlanta	60	80	.430 30 1/2

Saturday's Games
New York 4, St. Louis 1; Cincinnati 3, San Francisco 0; Pittsburgh 4, Montreal 0; Atlanta 4, Philadelphia 1, ppd. rain; Chicago 4, Philadelphia 1, 12 innings; San Diego 4-1, Houston 1-2.

Korchnoi's coach wins chess meet organized just for him

By ELIAHU SHAHAF

Jerusalem Post Chess Correspondent

TEL AVIV. — International chess master Roman Djindjashvili, a newcomer from the Soviet Union, yesterday wrapped up the quadruple tournament held in Bat Yam and Netanya during the past three weeks.

Djindjashvili scored 4 1/2 points out of six games, ahead of international masters Leon Lederman (former Israeli champion) with 2 1/2 points and Yair Kraidman with 2 points.

Roman Djindjashvili, a native of Georgia, has scored many outstanding successes in Soviet tournaments and made himself a name as one of the best coaches in the USSR. One of his trainees was grandmaster Victor Korchnoi, who defected to the West and was granted political asylum in Holland.

The event was organized by the Israeli Chess Federation and was intended mainly for the newcomer's benefit so that he could acclimatize to local tournament conditions and get acquainted with top Israeli players. Djindjashvili will either

be a member of the Israeli olympic team or serve as a game analyst during the coming chess olympics. In another pre-olympic training match, Alla Kushnir defeated Luba Kristol 5 1/2 — 4 1/2. Alla Kushnir, a three-time contender to the women's world title, and Luba Kristol, former Leningrad champion, will play the first two boards in the Israeli team at the women's olympiad.

'Israel's place in FIFA safe'

RIO DE JANEIRO. — The president of the International Federation of Football Associations (FIFA) told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency here last weekend that "Israel has never been and never will be discriminated against within FIFA."

Joao Havelange said the place of Israel in FIFA is secure because the organization's statutes forbid discrimination on racial, political or religious grounds. But he evaded comment when asked about the Asian Football Federation's decision to expel Israel.

He did, however, say that, while FIFA recognizes the regional confederations, they are not part of the international federation. None of FIFA's 146 members is obliged to belong to a confederation, he added.

The FIFA head called the quality of Israel football "excellent," and said he is planning to visit Israel next year as part of a tour of Middle East countries. He said he had already visited 73 countries since being elected FIFA president two years ago, and will visit the remaining 73 countries before his term ends in 1978. (JTA)

Betterball golf

Jerusalem Post Reporter

CAESAREA. Gordon Farman of Herzliya and Art Miller of Kiryat Satmar won the Betterball Stableford golf tournament here with 44 points, 2 better than Harold Stutzen of Tel Aviv and Ellis Eting of Savoyon.

On Friday, the Alliance Four-Ball Stableford was won by Effie and Steven Ben of Herzliya, Ellis Kirschner of Tel Aviv and Louis Zinn of Caesarea with 83 points, 1 point up on the foursome of Barry Mandel, Ze'ev Abrahams, Brian Cooper and Issie Cooper.

Your MK: Gov't welfare plan

— Knesset member Yitzhak Galanter expressed disappointment yesterday that the Government's welfare plan, announced last year, has not yet prepared the operation of welfare in the case of another emergency. Galanter said that at a meeting of Na'ale's working women's umbrella group, the Labour MK said that the Government means no one has organized the services who would otherwise be called on in case of need. Galanter called on women to take part in making positions in local the Knesset and trade unions.

10,000 stolen in B'sheba in restaurants

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The Winograd restaurant proprietors of the Ma'ariv here, appear to be turning a popular target for thieves. The robbers attacked them on Sunday and took off 10,000 of their cash register.

Earlier, thieves broke into a home and stole IL30,000. Galanter, who lives on a street where walking home at night is dangerous, was attacked by two burglars. One of them, with a pistol, threatened him with a pistol. Galanter hit the wife on the head with a metal bar.

The wife, who was holding a gun, dropped it. He then fled to chase the robbers, who fled into the air.

A patrol spotted the robbers and gave chase. Reinforcements. They took five more suspects into custody.

Parley on city control tonight

TEL AVIV. — Only about one-fifth of Israel's 2,400 industrial plants are controlled by an appropriate city control system run by the Ministry of Defense.

The Ministry of Defense said this yesterday at a conference at Beit Shimon in which they described the International Conference on the Arms Control and Disarmament which opens the Hilton Hotel here.

Israel's plants, especially those on defence contracts, are a great achievement in the eyes of the speakers. The speakers said that the Alliance firms, first and second place, in international quality control, in Germany and the U.S.

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Drive aims at target this year

TEL AVIV. — The Israel Cancer Society will launch its annual "Every Door" campaign this year, aiming at collecting 9 million sheqels, compared with last year's 7 million.

The drive chairman, Mark Ben-Zion, said that the former president of the Cancer Association.

Idel Singer died to rest

TEL AVIV. — Veterans of the Labour Mayor Yehoshua Zislin, Yoram Ben-Zion and Shimon Ben-Zion, members of the Council of Ministers, and today followed the bier.

Singer, honorary chairman of the Haifa Journalists Association, died on Friday, aged 75, after a long illness.

Singer came here from Vienna in 1908. Because of malaria he moved to Haifa, where he was active in the Zionist movement. He was imprisoned in the Labour rebellion against the government and returned to Israel that

the "Davar" news staff, as head of its Haifa bureau. His many interests included education, welfare, writing and lecturing, and his integrity earned him

he was made a freeman, and the municipality planted a tree in his honour.

He was buried in the Haifa University and a grave site was established for him. Yitzhak Ben-Aharon, private tribute to him, helped shape Jewish history, "inspired by his

David Gilboa died at 66

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Painter David Gilboa, member of the B'sheba and its treasurer, was here yesterday. He was

He was eulogized by Yoram Nahmias, painter Avriel and by a representative of the Zohar Lodge of the O.M. Adrely. Gilboa was his wife.

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STOCK '84

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Two die in S.A. riots

On eve of K's visit

CAPE TOWN. — White civilians shot dead two Coloureds (people of mixed blood) during weekend racial violence in white-owned districts, and rock-throwing rioters yesterday attacked shops and cars in this city's outlying Coloured neighbourhood Edsle's River.

Security police arrested a Coloured beauty queen "in connection" with the continuing unrest, along with a school principal and a gynaecologist, also Coloureds.

The two killings pushed the week's toll in repeated flare-ups in the southern Cape area to 32 and the nationwide slayings in 12 weeks of anti-government protest to 333.

The Coloured riots spread from Cape Town's white-owned centre to 18 towns in the province's wine-growing and farming districts. Police said the latest killings reflected a developing white backlash.

Last week, hordes of whites emptied gunshops of supplies.

One Coloured was killed on Saturday by a white motorist who fired three shots at a gang that attacked his car with a hail of rocks.

At Franshoek, a mountain farming village 64 kms. northeast of Cape Town, three whites on Saturday took aim at one rioter in a Coloured crowd who was pounding a parked car with a brick and killed him with three simultaneous shots. He died immediately, police said yesterday.

The crowd, demonstrating in front of the whites-only Central Hotel, scattered, leaving the dead man sprawled in the road.

Friends of 22-year-old beauty contest winner Lydia Johnstone could not understand why she had been picked up in the latest wave of arrests. "She's too uninterested in politics to even discuss the subject, let alone become involved to the extent where she would be detained by security police," said one of her friends.

In 1975 she won the non-white, Miss Africa South contest and went to London for the Miss World lineup. South Africa also chooses a Miss South Africa, from white contestants only, and is the only nation permitted two entrants at the annual London Miss World contest.

About 300 medical personnel of all races met during the weekend at the Somerset Hospital and threatened "further action" unless they were given reasons why Dr. L. T. van der Poel, a gynaecologist at the facility, was detained.

The principal of the Coloured Bridgetown high school in Cape Town, Joe Titus, also was picked up.

Meanwhile, European Common Market foreign ministers meeting in the Netherlands yesterday pledged to support U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger's mediation mission in southern Africa, which begins today.

They refrained from any initiatives of their own that could hamper Kissinger's peace efforts, which will entail visits to Tanzania, Zambia and South Africa.

But informants said the ministers made it clear their countries would not recognize as a sovereign state the Transkei homeland, which South Africa wants to make independent on October 26.

(UPI, Reuters)



Four Croatian nationalists, and the American wife of one of them, are shown handcuffed at Charles de Gaulle Airport a few moments before boarding a plane to be flown to Washington yesterday. (UPI telephoto)

Croatians flown to U.S. to face murder charges

PARIS. — Five Croatian nationalists who hijacked a U.S. jetliner across the Atlantic by brandishing phony "guns" surrendered yesterday with their hostages unharmed. They were immediately flown back to the U.S. to face murder charges for a real bomb they left behind that went off in New York's Grand Central Station.

The hijackers gained a rash of publicity for the cause of Croatian nationalism. They surrendered only after determining that their eight-page 24,000-word manifesto had appeared in four major American newspapers and their escape had been fully aired on television.

French police said the five — four

men and one woman — had used handmade fake bombs including dynamite sticks filled with Silly Putty. There was one small package with an undetermined substance in it, a police official said. "We're investigating it, but we don't think we'll find that it was anything dangerous."

The official said the hijackers were downcast that their meticulously planned exploit — which included dropping propaganda handbills in English over London, in French over Paris and in both over bilingual Montreal — had backfired in their faces with the death in New York of a policeman who was trying to deactivate the bomb.

(UPI)

U.K. newspaper on 'Black Hitler' '100,000 butchered since Amin came to power'

LONDON. — In the five years since Gen. Idi Amin took power in Uganda "at least 100,000 people have been savagely butchered," a London newspaper said yesterday.

David Martin, a former correspondent in Tanzania, wrote in the "News of the World" that Amin was "the black Hitler," responsible for a policy of systematic torture and extermination in his African nation.

"It is impossible to describe the reign of terror which prevails in Uganda," Martin wrote. "Every village, clan and family has lost relatives and friends. The faces and names of the killers are known, but no one acts. It is as if Uganda is paralyzed by fear."

Martin compiled his report

from testimony submitted to the UN, from stories of those who have escaped, and from newspapers in neighbouring Tanzania and Zambia.

He said he personally interviewed 19 of the 21 survivors of "the Mutukula prison massacre" in 1971, soon after Amin took power, in which "555 people were murdered. Most had their throats cut."

He cited statements by Edward Rungumayo, Amin's minister of Education who fled to exile after two years in Amin's cabinet, that "it was estimated that 80,000 to 90,000 people died in Amin's first two years in power."

"But he admitted that this might be a conservative figure," Martin wrote. (UPI)

Three held in plot to kill Ted Kennedy

SPRINGFIELD, Massachusetts. — Two men and a woman were arrested here on Saturday and charged with conspiring to murder Senator Edward Kennedy, Springfield police said yesterday.

Kennedy, a Democratic party Senator from Massachusetts, was in the Springfield area on Saturday to campaign for re-election. A Springfield police officer said no weapons were found with the suspects, Robert Earl White, 42, David J. King and Sandra R. Rondeau, 37.

According to police, one suspect had leaked a plan to a companion and police found out about it. A policeman said that one of the suspects, Robert White, had been investigated by the Secret Service and the FBI for threats on President Ford, but that charges had not been pressed against him. (AP, UPI)

UK 'selling ship' to Persian Gulf

LONDON. — A ship laden with luxury goods from Britain is to leave here in November on a three-month sales tour of Persian Gulf states.

The 3,000-ton Hermes, which is expected to be equipped with stalls exhibiting wares from Britain's most exclusive stores and firms selling jewellery, antiques and ladies' and men's fashions, will on November 21 and will call at Jeddah, Muscat, Dubai, Abu Dhabi, Doha, Bahrain, Dammam and Kuwait.

Organizers of the project, called Fable One (Floating Arab-British Luxury Expedition), said that trading is expected to run into several millions of pounds sterling. It has been devised to promote British luxury goods which will be sold on the spot to Arab customers.

Some 200 firms have been approached to buy stalls on the ship, and the majority have expressed interest, according to the organizers. (Reuters)

Canada denies tilt toward Arabs

OTTAWA. — External Affairs Minister Allan Rock on Saturday denied recent reports that Canada's policy for the Middle East is leaning more towards the Arabs and away from Israel.

MacEachern said in a radio interview, "We have not taken a policy decision of any kind that changes the balance or the objectivity in our policy towards the Middle East."

Or, to put it another way... we are not going to permit the Middle East conflict itself to be an impediment in developing commercial political relations with all countries in the Middle East. That is our policy."

During the last weeks, information purportedly leaked to a Toronto newspaper from the External Affairs Department indicated Canada was tilting away from Israel. (UPI)

40 hurt in new earth tremors in Italy

UDINE, Italy. — Two powerful earth tremors on Saturday night revived fear in the area of northern Italy recently devastated by an earthquake that killed nearly 1,000 people.

At least 40 people were injured while thousands fled their homes as the tremors shook most towns and cities between Genoa, Trieste and Florence.

The tremors, which registered between five and six on the Richter scale, were also felt over wide areas of Austria, including the Tyrol and Salzburg, and in Yugoslavia. (Reuters)

East Germans flock openly to seek information on emigrating to West

By MICHAEL GETTLER
The Washington Post

BONN. — East German citizens, in larger numbers than ever before, are showing up at West German liaison offices in Communist East Berlin to inquire about legally emigrating to West Germany.

The unprecedented number of open inquiries, in a country where such action traditionally has been risky, is quietly attracting growing interest in Western diplomatic circles and is also confronting the Bonn government with a very tough situation.

Authoritative West German government sources and other Western diplomats say that since about March of this year, there has been a steady increase in the number of such inquiries at the offices of West Germany's permanent representative to Communist East Germany.

That office, which was set up in mid-1974, provides functions similar to an embassy, although the two separate German states do not maintain actual embassies.

By late July, sources say, the flow of persons to this office to ask about emigration had risen to 70 a day — almost double the peak of last summer, when the first surge of overt inquiries was quietly noted in East Berlin.

Furthermore, officials report the inquiries are coming from a cross-section of East Germans, including many professionals, and only a small proportion of them appear to be pensioners or claim to have family ties in the West.

Normally the East's 17 million people are sealed in and cannot travel to the West or emigrate. The legal exception in the years since 1961, when the Berlin Wall was built and the borders sealed, have been pensioners over the age of 60 that the East German government apparently doesn't mind losing, and



Urban militia units (seen in foreground) of the kind established by the Chinese with People Liberation Army troops during the October 1 national day celebrations in Tiananmen last year. Huge placard display shows members of the militia and the PLA.

Where does China's army stand in the current power conflict

AFTER stonologists made a multiplicity of utterly wrong predictions following Premier Chou En-lai's death in January, there will inevitably be a plethora of speculation about the fight for succession now that Mao Tse-tung has gone from the Chinese revolutionary scene. But this time, few of these China-watchers will care to place bets on how China will handle the succession, or what shape the future leadership will take.

Disgraced Vice-Premier Teng Hsiao-ping was once quoted as saying that it would be "an open process" and it would seem that this shrewd politician's saying is never truer than now. Mao's main concern in his waning days was to see a line of succession that would continue to lead China along the socialist course he had set and maintain the revolutionary spirit and enthusiasm among the masses necessary to accomplish this.

It was over this very point the struggle was waged the past few months. As the strife intensified and the death of Mao drew nearer, one question loomed ever larger on the Chinese horizon: what role would the People's Liberation Army (PLA) assume in the coming scenario?

A difficult question to answer, but some facts about the PLA in the proper context may give pointers to its share in future Chinese history. The Chinese Communist Party's military arm was formed as an instrument to project its will to power. When the People's Republic was proclaimed in 1949, this concept was altered, and the question — then as now — was what would be its role in the domestic political system.

THE CHINESE leadership is divided over basic national priorities and there is widespread antagonism, reorientation and feuding in party ranks, as well as deep personal animosities among the senior men. There is no agreement on means to resolve the difficulties, and if the trend of the leadership conflict is its further intrusion into the general society, then it will generate social turmoil.

It was precisely this sort of trouble in the last stages of the cultural revolution in 1969 that compelled Mao to call on the PLA to stamp out Red Guard violence and restore law and order. In recent years, the PLA remained in the background and to some extent was disengaged from politics, but there is little doubt it could come into the political picture once again in the post-Mao power struggle.

The Chinese political system does not strictly define the civil-military institutional boundaries and there

was, of course, the precedent of the massive military intervention in politics. The army's political ascendancy after the cultural revolution led to a reaction against its role and the subsequent breakdown from politics.

The process has been an ongoing one, but the army is still able to wield considerable influence. It must also not be forgotten that while the PLA engages in many non-military tasks, it is primarily a fighting force.

Western analysts have closely studied the PLA in recent years, but their opinions are still varied and inconclusive. However, it is generally agreed that its nature is a defensive one. Its ground forces are about 3½ million, with some 10,000 tanks (the same amount in the U.S. forces), its air force consists of around 3,000 not-too-modern planes, and it has a weak navy. Luckily for the Peking regime, China's nuclear capability should deter enemies who would otherwise be tempted to take advantage of its aerial and naval weaknesses.

THE UNEVITABLE QUESTIONS being asked now are whether the military is under tight civil control, and if so, what faction exercises this control.

It would be well to remember that the Chinese (Maoist) faction was the only political group which became more powerful since the cultural revolution, although its principal weakness is that it lacks influential military support, mainly because of its impetuosity and inexperience.

Mao himself was a past master of the power struggle: he used the gun to purge the party, and the party to purge the gun, or pit one military group against another.

Mao's group wishes to control the general, but it doesn't have Mao's ability to wheel and deal.

When Mao eliminated President Liu Shao-chi and Teng in the cultural revolution, the resultant expansion of Defence Minister Lin Biao's power conflicted with the aims of the radicals who prodded Mao into liquidating him. When Mao's bid to explain Lin's "crimes" didn't go over with party and military leaders, Mao cultivated his wife's group.

He gave it more power in the party's Central Committee, carried out a military reorganization, brought in a young political upstart, Wang Hung-wen of Shanghai, as head of the committee's Military Affairs body, and Chang Chun-chiao (both are being mentioned as possible successors to Mao) to head the PLA's General Political Department.

The greatest difficulty encountered about a flow of inquiries, publicity and public gestures that could become an embarrassment to the East German government.

The West Germans are worried that the East might try to reduce access to its offices in East Berlin or even jeopardize the other routes which are the main ones for emigration.

For example, in 1975, according to statistics of West Germany's Ministry for Inter-German Relations, 10,275 East Germans were allowed to emigrate legally to West Germany. All of these, however, were either old age pensioners or so-called family hardship cases.

In fact, however, some Western diplomats suggest that the family category was very thin in some cases and so there is a desire not to jeopardize this overall category.

There is some speculation that these figures may now also include at least a few hundred persons who have become dissidents and potential trouble-makers for East Germany after the Helsinki Accords.

Another 6,011 fled East Germany illegally last year either by escaping or by being ransomed by private business or by buying political prisoners and other dissidents that goes on as East Germany seeks hard Western cash.

West German officials said they expect some normal reduction in the number of inquiries after the summer months, but they are waiting to see whether the East German government will also try to force some reduction in inquiries.

A recent article in a newspaper in Communist Yugoslavia on tensions along the East-West German border said that since the Berlin Wall went up in 1961, 250,415 citizens of East Germany have legally emigrated to West Germany, and another 167,027 have fled there.

ed by the radicals to military power in the factional and is not to the party but has groupings with their work of loyalties — list pariance as "mount"

It is no wonder that Ching group realized it must compete with other groups. It has its own organized factory work, urban militia which work as expanding. The working class in the number regular troops, and cultural centres, and

But Wang and his army not military experts and of the fact that they disciplined force which militia cannot be compared to regular army. This way the labour trouble when Wang had to m troops to suppress rebel in several main cities.

The reshaping of the ship is also a geriatric. The radicals cannot reach generals who hold reins of power, and are backed up by the military. The PLA is the backbone of the PLA: would affect its combat Mao in late 1973 directed the 11 regional military shake up, redividing 10 regions into commissars. The chief is still empty as are the military shake up, redividing the PLA into four army branches were this only points up the of Chinese military power.

The PLA enjoys high prestige and its veterans upon to help effect and general enthusiasm goals. But in view of the workings of politics in the civil control over the PLA will be difficult to predict the reach and which group ambitions the PLA will have support.

WAR. — There is a "new present danger" of widespread Algeria and Morocco overtake, ern Sahara, according to rahim Bouabadi, first of the Moroccan leftist opposition the "Union Socialiste des Forces

laire."

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Wolfgang Meyer-Michael's bronze sculpture in Gan Ha'em Park

MASTER OF THE ARTS

WOLFGANG MEYER-MICHAEL

death in London a month ago left the art world in mourning. Meyer-Michael, a sculptor and a unique figure in the art scene, has left the scene.

As a pre-World War I Berlin, Meyer-Michael was appointed one of five artists to promote the arts. He studied etching and painting, and published a book on "The Art of the Sculptor". He studied ceramics and high quality pottery. But his true passion was sculpture. He returned to his growing popularity in the art world, but his death was a shock to many.

Meyer-Michael arrived in Israel in 1948 and he first worked as a sculptor. He and his wife opened a studio in Tel Aviv, and he became known as a sculptor. He worked on the art scene as for its after the outbreak of the war. He worked on the art scene as for its after the outbreak of the war.

Defence Fund is a way to identify with Zahal

By Lea Levavi/Jerusalem Post Reporter

AN ARAB from Galilee brought in IL10,000 and an American child sent her \$1 pocket money. Donations like these since the Entebbe operation have helped swell the Israel Defence Voluntary Fund to IL40 million in cash and cash commitments.

The fund actually predates the rescue operation: It was a spontaneous result of public concern over cuts in the local defence budget and the American decision to give \$375 million in defence aid instead of the anticipated \$500 million.

A public committee of leaders in kibbutzim, industry and other sectors got together to set up a fund to raise money for defence research and development. They realized that R and D would be the first victim of budget cuts, since salaries could not be lowered and weapons purchases must go on.

The use of money raised is decided upon by a public council (a group of 70 volunteers representing all sectors) with the advice of the Defence Minister and the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee.

The two volunteer chairmen of the fund are Mrs. Senta Yosef and M.K. of Kibbutz Galil and Shimon Elman of the Manufacturers' Association.

Some of the most heart-warming contributions are the small ones. Children in 25 summer camps gave their pocket money; children in Ramat Aviv held a bazaar to raise money for the army; 12 groups in old age homes gave donations ranging from IL5,000 to IL20,000. Retired employees of the Electric Company gave IL100,000; present employees of the same company gave IL500,000.

In many firms, management has matched whatever the workers contribute. In the midst of their labour dispute, workers and management at the Tempo plant in Yotvata were able to agree on one thing — donation of IL40,000 to the fund.

The 50 employees at Kibbutz Artzi headquarters in Tel Aviv gave IL25,000. Members of kibbutzim have given money from their own pockets, not from the kibbutz funds, to the tune of IL35,000 from Kibbutz Yifat, IL31,000 from Kibbutz Dorot, etc.

The workers at the Zim Insurance Company decided to give one per cent of their net income, which came to IL100,000, and to make this an annual contribution. Management matched it pound for pound.

So far, the largest contribution from an Israeli firm has been IL2 million from Bank Leumi. As for individuals, the largest individual donation has been IL500,000 from Yehudit Federman of the Dan Hotel chain.

About 10 per cent of the contributions come from abroad and a large proportion of them are from non-Jews. The amounts range from \$10,000 to the \$1 cheque sent by the little girl who decided to give her allowance to the Israeli Army instead of buying candy. Indeed, the letters which come with the cheques — and not only those from children — are almost as exciting and encouraging as the contributions themselves.

The Arab from Nazareth who brought in IL10,000 remarked that the Entebbe operation proved that the Israeli Army protects all citizens, not only Jews, and he and his friends are proud to help.

An 85-year old man, Henry Burla, insisted upon coming to the office himself to deliver a IL50,000 cheque. On his way out, he slipped and fell, and was rushed to the hospital. When Moshe Gilboa visited him, Mr. Burla did not complain about his injury. Instead he asked how much money had been raised since his visit to the office.

Just recently, a donation was received from a Reverend Mey of London who wrote that it is "a small token of my appreciation for what Zahal has done for the world and for the rule of law." A retired Swiss nurse sent 100 Swiss francs with a letter saying: "During all those dramatic days, I was sure the Israelis would save those poor people because they are the only people in the world now who are ready to fight for justice and for their country." A French woman wrote that if the Israeli Army could go 4,000 kilometres to save the hostages, it is worthy of "help from far away."

People who did not know that cheques should be made payable to the Israel Defence Voluntary Fund expressed some of their admiration for the IDF in the way they named the payee. Cheques have come made out to "the great heroes" or "the face-savers" and one even to "the Israel Defence Forces of Uganda." Of course, all these had to be returned for correction.

Cheques should be sent to the Israel Defence Voluntary Fund c/o the Ministry of Defence, the Kiriya, Tel Aviv.

"You ask me how long I think this will continue," Gilboa said. "I think it will go on for a year, maybe longer. The important thing is not only the money, though, of course, that's very useful, but also the feeling of identification, the belief in Zahal and the change of mood after the Yom Kippur War depression. If an officer goes to a school to talk about the army, or addresses a group of new immigrants, the identification with the army is no less important than what is contributed."



"Logologia" by French artist Jean Dubuffet is the exhibit of the month at the Israel Museum. It was donated by Dr. Milton Rattner. Dubuffet's works are known for their humour and rejection of aesthetic values in Western art.

Preparing the bike for winter

DO IT YOURSELF
Meir Factor

NOW that the school holidays are over, it is time to give your child's bicycle a thorough overhaul before the winter. More than likely the paint is scratched or missing in places.

If you decide to repaint the complete cycle frame then it is easier if you first remove the wheels, chain and chainguard, mudguards, caliper brakes (if fitted) and seat. Remove all dirt and oil with a rag dipped in paint thinner and then dry the frame with a clean non-fluffy rag. Any rusty patches should be cleaned up with a piece of fine wet or dry paper and the dust wiped off. The bare metal should then be painted over with zinc chromate primer which prevents further rusting. You can buy 1/8 litre tins of this paint for about IL7.50. This quantity is sufficient for several bikes. Leave the painted part to dry overnight and then apply a coat of gloss paint either with a brush or using a spray can. Again, the paint should be left overnight to dry and then a second coat applied. Take care not to apply too much paint, so that it does not run and leave "tears."

The wheels should be checked to see that there are no loose or missing spokes. If there are any missing you can either take the wheel to the nearest cycle repair shop, or you can fit them yourself. If you decide to do the job yourself, remove the tyre, the inner tube and the rim tape. Insert the hooked end of the spoke through the hole for it in the hub and the threaded end through the hole in the rim. Tighten the nut as tight as possible. If there is a piece of threaded spoke projecting through the nut, file it level with the nut so that it cannot penetrate through the rim tape and damage the inner tube. Then replace the tape on the rim next the inner tube and tyre. When replacing the inner tube, inflate slightly and then replace the tyre by hand not with tyre levers, since when using the latter you may inadvertently pinch the inner tube between the rim and the tyre and damage it.

While you have the tyre off, it is well to check it thoroughly. If there are many tears in the sidewalls or if the tread is badly worn, it is best to replace it. The size of the tyre is embossed on one of the sides and obviously you must buy a tyre of the same size.

Cycle lamps should be checked to see that they work well. If a dynamo is fitted, make sure that the terminals are clean and the leads attached securely to them. If the cycle has been painted, care must be taken to see that there is good electrical contact between the casing of a frame-mounted dynamo and the frame, as the casing and the frame act as one of the leads. The same thing applies to the front and rear lamps. With the hub-type dynamo this is not important as two leads are fitted.

A piece of red reflector strip or, better still, a clean red reflector, should be fitted to the rear mudguard in addition to the rear lamp. Pedals with amber reflector plates set into them are also desirable.

Most locally-made cycles have a tyre casing with a fitted brake operated by back pedalling. Imported cycles generally have two sets of caliper brakes instead. The caliper brake should be adjusted so that the brake block will grip the rim smoothly and not in one sudden jerk that will cause abrupt braking and possibly an accident. Worn brake blocks should be replaced and the brake cable tension adjusted to the new blocks.

The seat should not be loose and the handlebar must be aligned so that it is straight and then tightened by means of the long vertical bolt holding it in place. A bell should be fitted and also checked that it is working correctly.

Tyres should always be inflated. A flat tyre will cause damage to the tyre casing as the weight of the cycle causes the casing to bulge and cracks will develop along the bulge. A small cycle pump costs about IL20, but for about IL50 you can buy a superb large foot pump, made in Japan, and needing only two or three strokes to inflate a tyre.

ancient anchors from the Sea of Galilee

MEENDEL NUN

are the most common ancient shipping activity. The first vessels began to sail on the Sea of Galilee, and anchors have been found from the sea bottom. The anchors were made of wood and some of them were made of stone. The anchors were found in the sea bottom, and some of them were found in the sea bottom. The anchors were found in the sea bottom, and some of them were found in the sea bottom.

port of Caesarea and the coasts connected with the Christian holy places on the Sea of Galilee. The expedition brought along a small boat equipped with sophisticated equipment for diving and underwater excavation and was joined here by Israeli divers.

In the course of six weeks, the divers combed the bottom along the western shore of the lake from Kfar Nahum to Migdal, Tiberias, and Beth Yerah. Their finds included various pottery containers like jars and lamps of the Roman-Byzantine period as well as stone and metal implements.

THE MOST important find, however, occurred quite by chance. One day, when the boat was laid-in for repairs near the Russian Hospice at Migdal where the expedition was based, the divers entered the water to cool off and to look around. To their surprise, they saw the necks of several jars protruding from the mud. The site was thoroughly excavated by means of a suction pump that removed the mud and uncovered 29 cooking pots of the 1st century C.E. Seven pots were entire and the others were easily restored, but all had been brand new — apparently the cargo of a ship that sank there about 1900 years ago as it was taking pottery wares to market. The site was some 10 metres underwater and 100 metres off shore. The ship must have capsized in one of the eastern gales that can suddenly raise dangerous waves near the western shore of Lake Kinneret.

None of the wood of the boat remained but two stone anchors were found among the cargo. After this discovery, anchors began to turn up elsewhere in the lake and also in the archaeological digs at Tel En Gev in layers dating to the Hellenistic Kingdoms of the time of the Bible (4th-7th centuries B.C.E.). Other stone anchors were found on the shore near Tel Kinarot, the excavations of the Old Town of Tiberias or built into the walls of old stone houses along with mooring stones with holes that were formerly part of the wharves and jetties of towns fronting the lake. Some of these early nautical finds may be seen in the Tiberias Museum, at Kibbutz En Gev, and at the National Maritime Museum in Haifa.

These tangible evidences of navigation on Lake Kinneret call forth the vivid description by Josephus of the unequal sea battle that took place on the lake between Jewish fishermen armed with stones and oars and heavily armoured Roman legionnaires in large boats propelled by many oarsmen. In September 67 C.E., at the time of the Jewish revolt against Rome, the tragic outcome was inevitable: the Jewish boats were sunk and the fighters slaughtered. "One might then see the lake all bloody and full of dead bodies, for not one of them escaped." It is but a small part of the horrors as described by Josephus (Wars of the Jews X.8).

Perhaps some of the homely stone anchors we find today were silent witnesses of this desperate and hopeless struggle for independence.

This article by Meindel Nun, a veteran member of Kibbutz En Gev, is reprinted from the English language quarterly, "Israel — Land and Nature."

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Lessons of hijacking

THERE IS A MEASURE of poetic justice in the fact that the two most recent acts of aerial hijacking, which ended harmlessly over the weekend, had both been directed at countries not known, to put it mildly, for their resolute opposition to air piracy. Yugoslavia was the real target of the kidnapping of a U.S. plane on a domestic flight from New York all the way to Paris, while India was the cause of the abduction of an Indian aircraft on a flight from New Delhi which came to a halt in Lahore, Pakistan.

Both acts were far less violent than the usual run of such attempts when carried out by Palestinian terrorists and their accomplices. Although the abductors of the Indian Airlines plane were well-armed they never used their weapons. While the group responsible for the kidnapping of a policeman in New York, the lethal instruments they flashed during the flight turned out to have been mere toys.

In neither case, moreover, was there any effort to secure the release of jailed prisoners anywhere by using the passengers and the crew as hostages. The actual purpose in one case was, so it seems, to allow a group of Moslem Indians to reach the holy cities of Arabia without paying the price of a ticket, and in the other the aim was to publicize the old cause of Croatian independence throughout the Western world.

Yet both acts were patently criminal, and their perpetrators will undoubtedly be brought to trial in the countries in which the hijackings originated. It is indeed safe to assume that India would not have stood idly by if Pakistan had sought religious excuses to refuse extradition in the one case, and that Yugoslavia would have been absolutely scandalized if the U.S. had decided for political reasons to forgive and forget in the other case.

Yugoslavia and India are, however, leading members of that very group of "non-aligned" countries which have regularly stymied all efforts for effective international action against air terrorism on the ground that the "causes" of such terrorism must first be eradicated. Aerial hijackings are evidently illegal and impermissible only when directed against these same countries; when some other state, especially Israel, turns out to be the victim, these acts are perfectly understandable, and, even if uncondonable, they are unpunishable.

It would be wholly unrealistic to expect Yugoslavia and India and their ilk to change their tune only because of these latest events. When the matter comes up at the UN General Assembly within the next weeks, as planned, the rusty old arguments used in previous years will most likely be revived to oppose, for example, any move for universal obligatory extradition of hijackers. Regrettably, the only real hope that remains is concerted action, outside the UN, by those states which respect the elementary decency of international conduct as they apply to all, and not only to themselves.

The army needs them

IT IS A TRUTH generally acknowledged that the strength of the Israel Defence Forces rests in the main on the quality of its personnel. Lately, however, there has been growing recognition that this strength also rests to a significant degree on the quantity of the IDF personnel.

Thus we are now being informed that without a major injection of young and talented people into the regular army over the next four years, the ability of the IDF to absorb the billions of dollars worth of sophisticated new equipment to be purchased over that period of time will be seriously impaired. Machines without the men to handle them, we are reminded, are mere heaps of iron.

Theoretically, there are three possible solutions to the army's manpower shortage. One is to increase the three-year compulsory stint by several more months of service. The second is to pull reservists out of the economy for longer periods than the current five weeks in the year. The third is to attract young people by offering them terms which would provide them with personal advancement while also serving the country's most vital needs.

In practice there is no real substitute for the expansion of the standing army by drawing fresh talent into its ranks. This could be done, for example, by promoting a better awareness among young folks that the earnings of even junior officers in the armed forces are easily competitive with salaries in the civilian sector, and that the prospects of acquiring a profession and making progress in it are in fact better in the army.

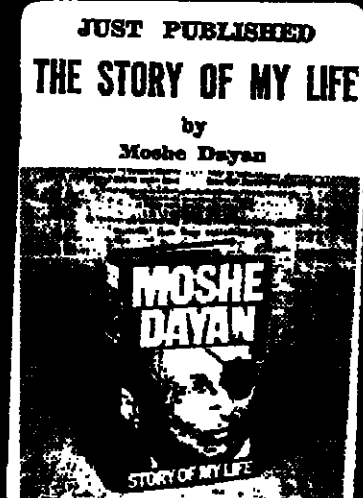
The news, if spread abroad, might cause many hundreds of young Israelis, who at present are completely unfamiliar with job opportunities in the defence establishment, to come back to the army. The success already scored in this regard by the Bureau of Returning Professionals in New York is highly instructive.

But purely material incentives will not nearly be enough to draw them in. For one thing, money and prestige cannot compensate for the many risks involved in field assignments. The motivation of service is, in the final analysis, of at least equal importance with career blandishments. It is here where Israeli parents may be of great help, by actively encouraging their sons — and daughters — to remain in uniform rather than shed it.

ISRAEL PRESS

DAVAT (Histadrut) discusses the rash of airplane hijackings which erupted over the weekend. "Though the hijackings were not connected with Israel or the PLO, they none the less indicate a further worsening of the civil aviation situation."

The KLM hijacking earlier in the week should have placed security forces on full alert at airports and on aircraft. Likewise, the responsibility for airline security in the U.S. should take the example of the Indian authorities, who have already detained security men thought to have been negligent in connection with Thursday night's hijacking of an Indian airliner to Pakistan. "The paper stresses the need for a system of international cooperation in the security sphere against the hijacking of aircraft. Such cooperation should be aimed primarily against states such as Libya, which allow and encourage potential hijackers to prepare and initiate hijacking operations from their territory."



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הקדמת לאהל

ELAD PELED may or may not have been right, but he was covered. His \$47,000 scholarship for a year's study abroad was in accordance with accepted practice for senior civil servants and retired army officers. Apparently his position as Director-General of the Ministry of Education, forced by lack of funds to close classrooms, raise tuition fees, and put off programmes vital to disadvantaged youth, did not make other factors controlling. The accepted practice was the norm. The way things are — that is how they should be.

A similar identification of the empirical with the normative underlies the turmoil in labour relations in the public services. Justification for wage demands is typically a claim to the going rate for some comparable occupational group. Prevailing practice legitimates both the objective and the means.

The importance of the Elad Peled case is that it involves a public servant of impeccable probity. Any system can be perverted by hustlers, chislers, and quick-buck artists. But what sort of value system can make a decent man's rational mind accept what his gut instincts surely reject?

Here lies the cultural contradiction of Zionism, to paraphrase Daniel Bell. For the normal is not the normative. A nation fighting for survival cannot calibrate its conscience according to the going market rate. Ben-Gurion did his on-the-job internment at Sid Ecker, not at Columbia. The last of the line of Zionist political leaders who were also public educators, he held to an ideal and put it into practice. Today's leaders point to the practice and make it the ideal.

What has been lost is some overriding norm of the public interest. In Israel most wealth is public in-

Elad Peled's \$47,000 scholarship raises the question: What kind of value system enables a decent man's rational mind to accept what his gut instincts surely reject? writes ALLAN (AVRAHAM) SHAPIRO.

Making practice the ideal

terest wealth. That is, it is in one way or another dependent on public largesse, either that of the State or of a public institution. This includes major areas such as housing, employment, and cultural activities, dependent as they are on subsidies, franchises, licences, currency allocations, and the like.

PROF. CHARLES REICH of Yale denoted interests based on public largesse the "new property." He pointed out a decade ago that in an expanding public interest economy, the "new property" was becoming increasingly dominant, even in capitalist America. His fear was that dependence on the public largesse would foster a new feudalism and undercut personal freedom.

Five years ago, for example, the Ministry of Education refused a grant to the Abu Ghosh Music Festival from the funds the Ministry dispenses annually to cultural institutions, including those sponsoring performances of serious music. The decision was made by an allocations committee, exercising its exclusive discretion.

"The committee," stated the Ministry's spokesman, "weighs the essentially or the special importance of the activity of the institution involved in the cultural and artistic life of the State (and whether the institution can perform the activity without the support it requests)."



Elad Peled

The chairman of the allocations committee was the Director-General of the Ministry of Education.

One wonders if the foundation that decided on the scholarship for the Ministry of Education's Director-General, Elad Peled, employed similar criteria. But the important issue is much broader. The Ministry of Education refused a grant to the Abu Ghosh Music Festival because, in view of the character of the work, it did not believe that the performance of Bach's Passion according to St. John deserved public financial support.

The implications of that decision for artistic freedom in Israel are obvious. In a society in which cultural activities are dependent on the financial support of public bodies, the power of the purse in the hands of a governmental committee becomes the power to influence the freedom of choice and of activity of the needy cultural institution. When this power becomes influenced by factors such as the religious roots of the cultural activity involved, the matter becomes sensitive indeed.

NOR NEED the question be that of financial support. A public benefit,

Dry Bones



READERS' LETTERS

Tourist services—the bad and the good

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post
Sir, In a recent editorial, you say that new demands by hoteliers for higher subsidies in the form of an increased foreign currency earnings exchange rate is untenable and would be at the expense of the already overburdened taxpayer. It is suggested that the hoteliers' complaint of low occupancy in their hotels may be due to poor service. If this is so, then no amount of subsidy can rectify this, only improved service can do so.

The time has come to speak bluntly to the advantage of all. For many years groups from the U.K. have visited Israel on a two-week package tour, organized by dedicated voluntary workers with professional travel agencies. Returning travellers often report poor service at hotels and indifference on the part of hotel staff.

When personnel at reception desks do not pass on messages to visitors, this omission should not be underestimated, for one of the highlights of a visit to Israel is meeting relatives and friends. Complaints of food badly cooked and presented, rooms not clean, uncooperative staff — these can be rectified by good management.

A bone of contention with hotels which advertise a swimming pool is the arbitrary decisions made by management about the time of year and the time of day when the pool may be used. As an example, a four-star hotel in Netanya had the pool closed between 1 p.m. and 4 p.m. this August.

For many visitors the holiday in Israel is the only holiday of the year and may indeed be the culmination of many years of planning and saving. It is paid for by hard-earned cash and there are many countries

where luxury conditions can be enjoyed at a lower price.

Israel has all the incentives and advantages for a memorable holiday: historical interest, a good climate, well-equipped hotels and common family ties let these be used to good advantage.

ALFRED A. FRANKLIN
Chairman, Tourist Committee,
The Zionist Federation of
Great Britain and Ireland
London.

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post
Sir, Prior to visiting Israel, my wife and I spent eight weeks in Europe, in many countries, and participated in one and two-day tours of various capital cities.

The purpose of this letter is to compliment the drivers, guides and hotel staffs on their courtesy, efficiency and wealth of information provided to tourists in this country. The company we travelled with has a great deal to be proud of, as their service is far superior to any European bus company.

LIONEL REGAL
Tel Aviv (Melbourne, Australia).

Sir, — During our visit to Israel, we have seen many important institutions and exciting new developments and projects. The deepest impact was created by our visits to Kiryat Arba, Ofra and Kadum. The selfless and dedicated halutzim one meets there are surely Israel's greatest hope for its future security and development, and an inspiration and challenge for the Jews of the Galut.

J.D. PLITNICK
L.I. CASPER
Jerusalem (London).

THE INCOME OF JUDGES

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post
Sir, I refer to Gideon Eshet's article, "Mission impossible — the budget" (September 2), in which he particularizes the demands by various ministers which the Prime Minister and the Minister of Finance will have difficulty in meeting. Amongst many others, he refers to "the latest increases in the income of judges."

Strangely enough, "the latest increases in the income of judges" are still being discussed by the Knesset's Finance Committee and have not yet been decided upon. Yet Mr. Eshet

omits all mention of the substantial increases in the income of ministers and of members of the Knesset which have already been decided upon by the Knesset Finance Committee and even been gazetted (August 18).

One wonders whether this omission was inadvertent or inspired. I am not expressing any opinion as to the merits of the increases themselves, but if they are bad, the judges, in fairness, should not be deprived of being in good company.

I. OLSHAN
Jerusalem.

ELEMENTARY PHYSICS

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post
Sir, — In his article, "Learning to think in the abstract" (August 27), your reporter asks: "What does a teacher do with a child who insists that the journey to the moon must be longer than the journey back?" You give that child an "A" for the course and you send the teacher back for another course in physics because the child is correct.

A Newton stated it in the year 1686: "Every particle of matter in the universe is attracted to every other particle with a force which is directly proportional to the product of the masses of

What's the answer to "A gift from Israel" problem



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